

Bonner, B.L. & Hensley, L.D. (1997). State efforts to identify maltreated children with disabilities: A follow-up study. *Child Maltreatment*, 2(1), 52-60.

...good review of lit at that time

- p. 54
 - Method
 - Survey..57 dept of human services...state and 7 U.S. territories
 - ...see list of questions asked
 - 96% return rate for survey
- P. 55
 - Results
 - ...comparison with Camblin Study...1982
- P. 58
 - Discussion
 - “The results suggest that children’s disabilities are highly unlikely to be identified as they enter the child protection system.”
 - “Lack of identification may result in few appropriate services being provided to children and their families or to foster families who care for these children. Other results indicate that even when a child is noted as having a disability, the specific disabling condition is rarely noted. Therefore, less attention may be focused on providing the specific services needed.”
 - “...only seven states require an average of 4 hours of training in disabilities for child welfare workers.”
- P. 59
 - Consistent, reliable and effective data gathering/reporting, at state level, has gotten worse, not better since 1982 Camblin study
 - Need for:
 - Training for case workers to identify and provide appropriate services for children with disabilities who experience abuse
 - Determine the availability of services for children with disabilities who experience abuse
 - Develop and implement standardized forms, across states, to collect data concerning the incidence and services for children with disabilities who experience abuse.